

# Driver License Exchanges from Out of State

## Destination: Sarasota County, FL

### Top 20 States: Ranked by Number of Exchanges in 2025

<u>Origin State</u>	<u>2025</u>	<u>2016-2019 Avg.</u>	<u>Chg.</u>	<u>% Chg.</u>
1. New York	1,426	1,299	+127	+10%
2. US Territory or Foreign	1,344	731	+613	+84%
3. New Jersey	970	840	+130	+16%
4. Illinois	814	869	-55	-6%
5. Pennsylvania	744	773	-29	-4%
6. Massachusetts	676	711	-35	-5%
7. Ohio	664	836	-172	-21%
8. California	616	459	+157	+34%
9. Michigan	490	696	-206	-30%
10. Texas	464	345	+119	+34%
11. Connecticut	438	566	-128	-23%
12. Georgia	435	414	+21	+5%
13. Virginia	426	459	-33	-7%
14. Maryland	406	421	-15	-3%
15. Colorado	385	287	+98	+34%
16. Indiana	385	451	-66	-15%
17. North Carolina	311	326	-15	-5%
18. Washington	288	141	+147	+104%
19. Minnesota	274	213	+61	+28%
20. Tennessee	249	211	+38	+18%

# Driver License Exchanges from Out of State

## Destination: Sarasota County, FL

Top 20 States: Ranked by Change in Annual Exchanges, 2025 vs. 2016-2019 Average

<u>Origin State</u>	<u>2025</u>	<u>2016-2019 Avg.</u>	<u>Chg.</u>	<u>% Chg.</u>
1. US Territory or Foreign	1,344	731	<b>+613</b>	+84%
2. California	616	459	<b>+157</b>	+34%
3. Washington	288	141	<b>+147</b>	+104%
4. New Jersey	970	840	<b>+130</b>	+16%
5. New York	1,426	1,299	<b>+127</b>	+10%
6. Texas	464	345	<b>+119</b>	+34%
7. Colorado	385	287	<b>+98</b>	+34%
8. Oregon	140	64	<b>+76</b>	+118%
9. Minnesota	274	213	<b>+61</b>	+28%
10. Arizona	163	114	<b>+49</b>	+43%
11. South Carolina	200	160	<b>+40</b>	+25%
12. Tennessee	249	211	<b>+38</b>	+18%
13. Nevada	108	78	<b>+30</b>	+38%
14. Idaho	48	21	<b>+28</b>	+134%
15. Montana	40	15	<b>+25</b>	+167%
16. Georgia	435	414	<b>+21</b>	+5%
17. Utah	52	36	<b>+16</b>	+44%
18. Nebraska	57	45	<b>+12</b>	+27%
19. Louisiana	52	42	<b>+11</b>	+25%
20. Kansas	91	81	<b>+10</b>	+12%

# Driver License Exchanges from Out of State

## Destination: Sarasota County, FL

Top 20 States: Ranked by Percent Change in Annual Exchanges, 2025 vs. 2016-2019 Avg.

<u>Origin State</u>	<u>2025</u>	<u>2016-2019 Avg.</u>	<u>Chg.</u>	<u>% Chg.</u>
1. Montana	40	15	+25	<b>+167%</b>
2. Idaho	48	21	+28	<b>+134%</b>
3. Oregon	140	64	+76	<b>+118%</b>
4. Washington	288	141	+147	<b>+104%</b>
5. US Territory or Foreign	1,344	731	+613	<b>+84%</b>
6. North Dakota	19	12	+7	<b>+55%</b>
7. Utah	52	36	+16	<b>+44%</b>
8. Arizona	163	114	+49	<b>+43%</b>
9. Nevada	108	78	+30	<b>+38%</b>
10. Texas	464	345	+119	<b>+34%</b>
11. Colorado	385	287	+98	<b>+34%</b>
12. California	616	459	+157	<b>+34%</b>
13. Minnesota	274	213	+61	<b>+28%</b>
14. Nebraska	57	45	+12	<b>+27%</b>
15. Louisiana	52	42	+11	<b>+25%</b>
16. South Carolina	200	160	+40	<b>+25%</b>
17. Tennessee	249	211	+38	<b>+18%</b>
18. New Jersey	970	840	+130	<b>+16%</b>
19. Kansas	91	81	+10	<b>+12%</b>
20. South Dakota	24	22	+2	<b>+10%</b>

# About This Data

- New Florida residents must obtain a valid Florida driver license within 30 days of establishing Florida residency
- The Florida Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles (FLHSMV) tracks the state of origin of these applicants
- FLHSMV provides the number of total exchanges by origin state and destination county
- These statistics do not necessarily lend insight to the number of in-migrating home buyers versus renters, but...
- ...they do give us a better sense of *recent* patterns of migration to Florida than many other data sets can
- The tables in this document compare the annual number of license exchanges over the past year (2025) to the average annual number of license exchanges observed during the pre-pandemic years 2016-2019
- Note that all figures displayed in the tables are rounded to the nearest whole number (or percent in the last column), and as a result, the values reported in the last two columns—while correct—may not always appear to line up exactly with the average annual figures reported in the first two columns (especially when the average annual figures are small)