

Yearly Market Detail - 2020

Townhouses and Condos

Sarasota County



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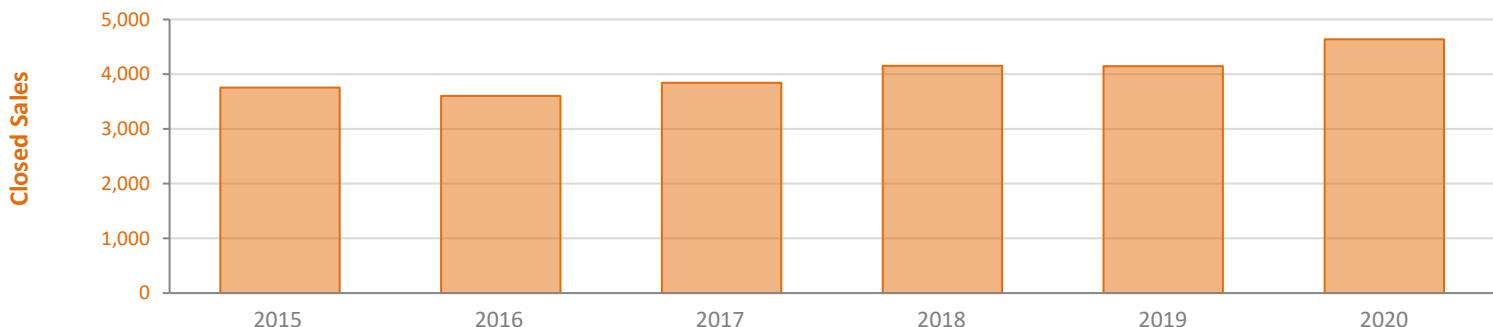
Summary Statistics	2020	2019	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Closed Sales	4,635	4,146	11.8%
Paid in Cash	2,364	2,349	0.6%
Median Sale Price	\$255,000	\$235,980	8.1%
Average Sale Price	\$385,676	\$340,689	13.2%
Dollar Volume	\$1.8 Billion	\$1.4 Billion	26.6%
Median Percent of Original List Price Received	95.7%	94.4%	1.4%
Median Time to Contract	47 Days	61 Days	-23.0%
Median Time to Sale	93 Days	106 Days	-12.3%
New Pending Sales	5,024	4,467	12.5%
New Listings	5,359	5,234	2.4%
Pending Inventory	734	532	38.0%
Inventory (Active Listings)	1,019	1,560	-34.7%
Months Supply of Inventory	2.6	4.5	-42.2%

Closed Sales

The number of sales transactions which closed during the year

Economists' note: Closed Sales are one of the simplest—yet most important—indicators for the residential real estate market. When comparing Closed Sales across markets of different sizes, we recommend comparing the percent changes in sales rather than the number of sales.

Year	Closed Sales	Percent Change Year-over-Year
2020	4,635	11.8%
2019	4,146	-0.1%
2018	4,150	8.1%
2017	3,840	6.6%
2016	3,603	-4.0%
2015	3,752	5.2%



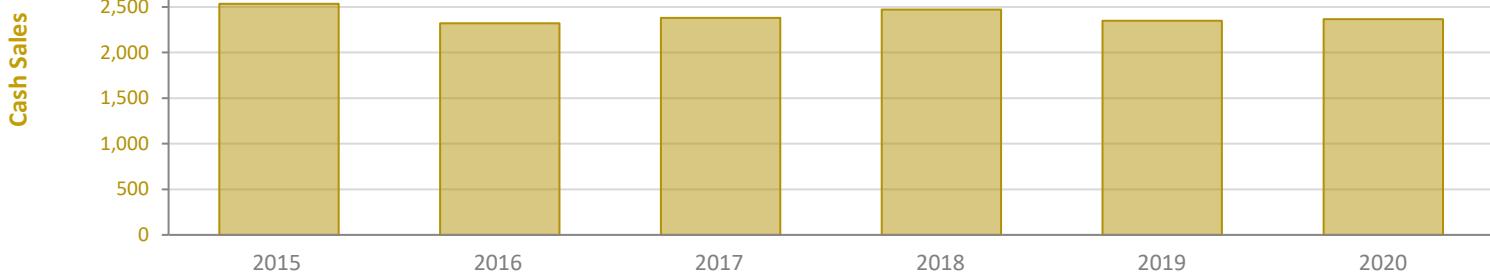


Cash Sales

The number of Closed Sales during the year in which buyers exclusively paid in cash

Year	Cash Sales	Percent Change Year-over-Year
2020	2,364	0.6%
2019	2,349	-4.9%
2018	2,471	3.8%
2017	2,380	2.6%
2016	2,319	-8.4%
2015	2,532	-1.1%

Economists' note: Cash Sales can be a useful indicator of the extent to which investors are participating in the market. Why? Investors are far more likely to have the funds to purchase a home available up front, whereas the typical homebuyer requires a mortgage or some other form of financing. There are, of course, many possible exceptions, so this statistic should be interpreted with care.

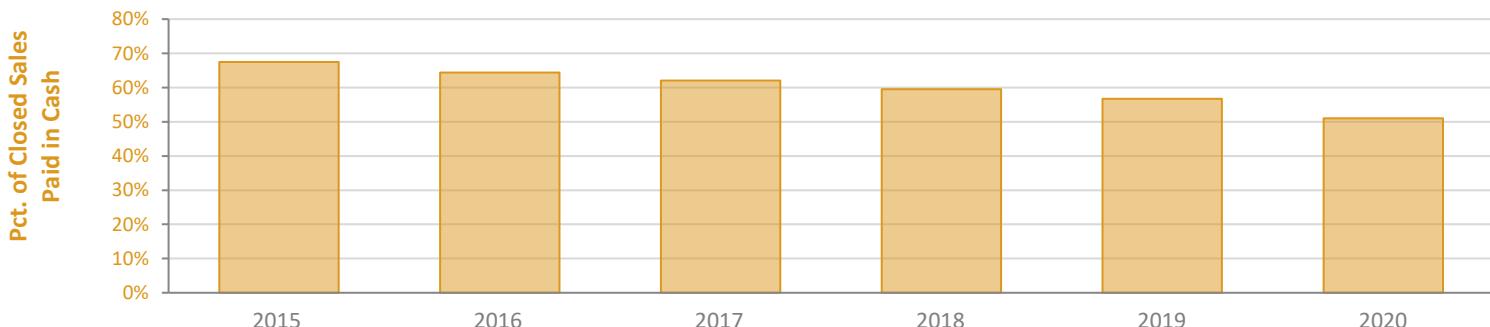


Cash Sales as a Percentage of Closed Sales

The percentage of Closed Sales during the year which were Cash Sales

Year	Percent of Closed Sales Paid in Cash	Percent Change Year-over-Year
2020	51.0%	-10.1%
2019	56.7%	-4.7%
2018	59.5%	-4.0%
2017	62.0%	-3.7%
2016	64.4%	-4.6%
2015	67.5%	-5.9%

Economists' note: This statistic is simply another way of viewing Cash Sales. The remaining percentages of Closed Sales (i.e. those not paid fully in cash) each year involved some sort of financing, such as mortgages, owner/seller financing, assumed loans, etc.





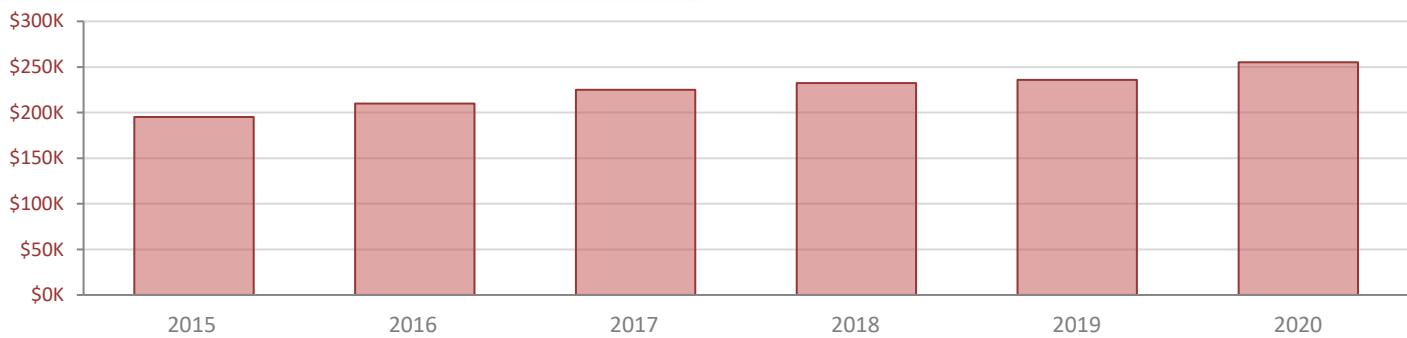
Median Sale Price

The median sale price reported for the year (i.e. 50% of sales were above and 50% of sales were below)

Economists' note: Median Sale Price is our preferred summary statistic for price activity because, unlike Average Sale Price, Median Sale Price is not sensitive to high sale prices for small numbers of homes that may not be characteristic of the market area. Keep in mind that median price trends over time are not always solely caused by changes in the general value of local real estate. Median sale price only reflects the values of the homes that *sold* each year, and the mix of the types of homes that sell can change over time.

Year	Median Sale Price	Percent Change Year-over-Year
2020	\$255,000	8.1%
2019	\$235,980	1.6%
2018	\$232,300	3.2%
2017	\$225,000	7.1%
2016	\$210,000	7.7%
2015	\$195,000	8.3%

Median Sale Price



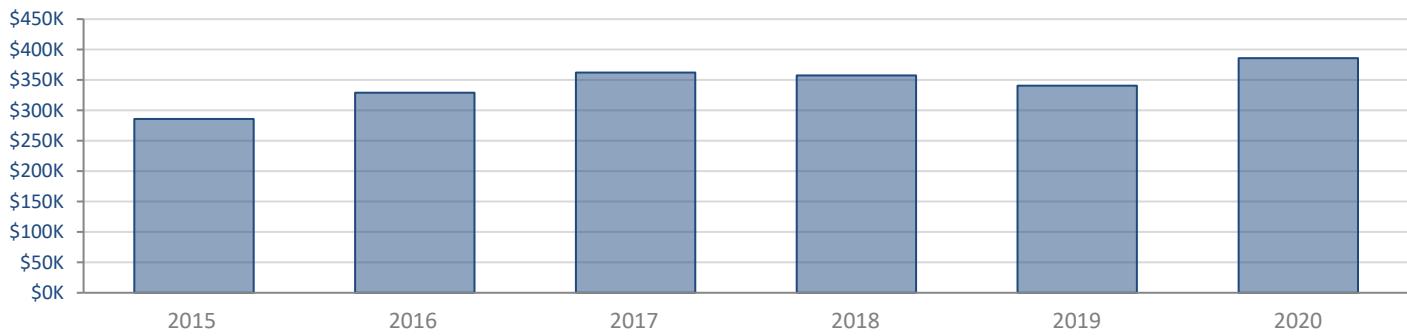
Average Sale Price

The average sale price reported for the year (i.e. total sales in dollars divided by the number of sales)

Economists' note: Usually, we prefer Median Sale Price over Average Sale Price as a summary statistic for home prices. However, Average Sale Price does have its uses—particularly when it is analyzed alongside the Median Sale Price. For one, the relative difference between the two statistics can provide some insight into the market for higher-end homes in an area.

Year	Average Sale Price	Percent Change Year-over-Year
2020	\$385,676	13.2%
2019	\$340,689	-4.7%
2018	\$357,540	-1.3%
2017	\$362,290	10.1%
2016	\$328,965	15.1%
2015	\$285,909	-0.9%

Average Sale Price



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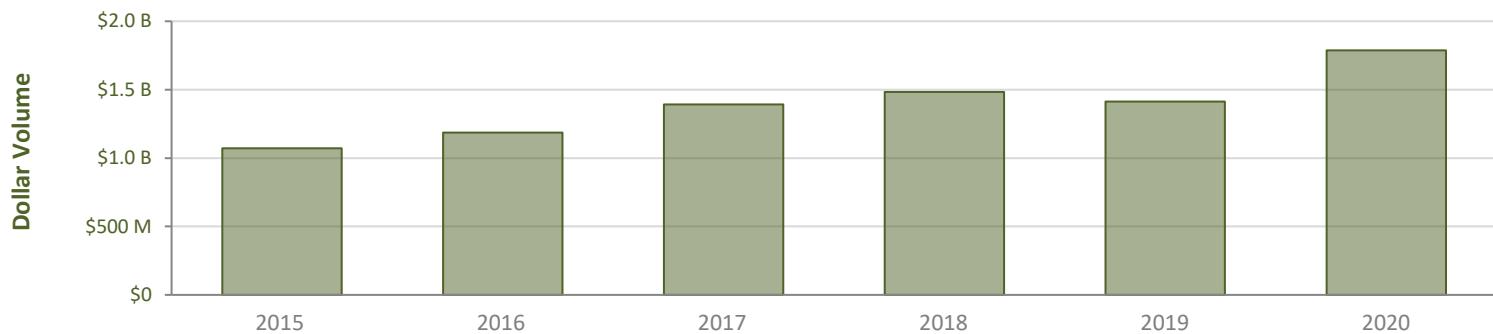
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Dollar Volume

The sum of the sale prices for all sales which closed during the year

Economists' note: Dollar Volume is simply the sum of all sale prices in a given time period, and can quickly be calculated by multiplying Closed Sales by Average Sale Price. It is a strong indicator of the health of the real estate industry in a market, and is of particular interest to real estate professionals, investors, analysts, and government agencies. Potential home sellers and home buyers, on the other hand, will likely be better served by paying attention to trends in the two components of Dollar Volume (i.e. sales and prices) individually.

Year	Dollar Volume	Percent Change Year-over-Year
2020	\$1.8 Billion	26.6%
2019	\$1.4 Billion	-4.8%
2018	\$1.5 Billion	6.7%
2017	\$1.4 Billion	17.4%
2016	\$1.2 Billion	10.5%
2015	\$1.1 Billion	4.2%

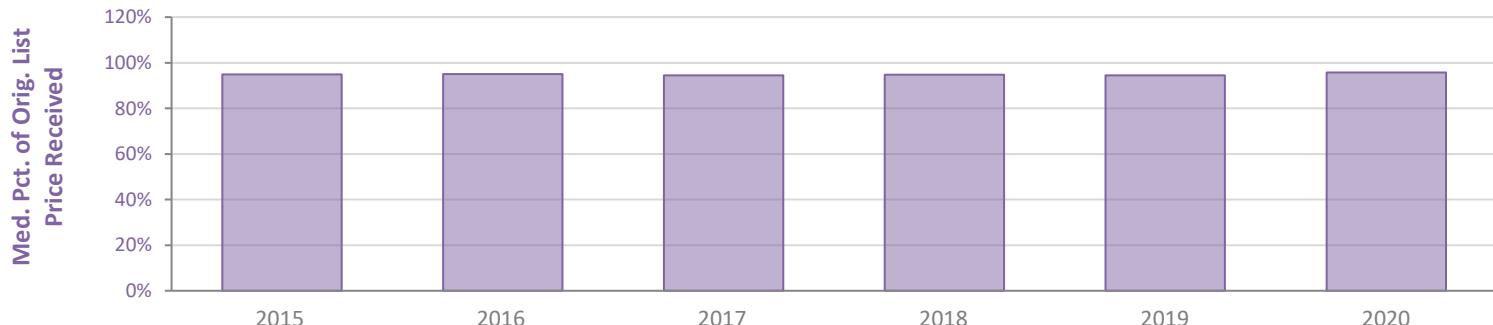


Median Percent of Original List Price Received

The median of the sale price (as a percentage of the original list price) across all properties selling during the year

Economists' note: The Median Percent of Original List Price Received is useful as an indicator of market recovery, since it typically rises as buyers realize that the market may be moving away from them and they need to match the selling price (or better it) in order to get a contract on the house. This is usually the last measure to indicate a market has shifted from down to up, so it is what we would call a *lagging* indicator.

Year	Med. Pct. of Orig. List Price Received	Percent Change Year-over-Year
2020	95.7%	1.4%
2019	94.4%	-0.4%
2018	94.8%	0.3%
2017	94.5%	-0.5%
2016	95.0%	0.1%
2015	94.9%	1.1%





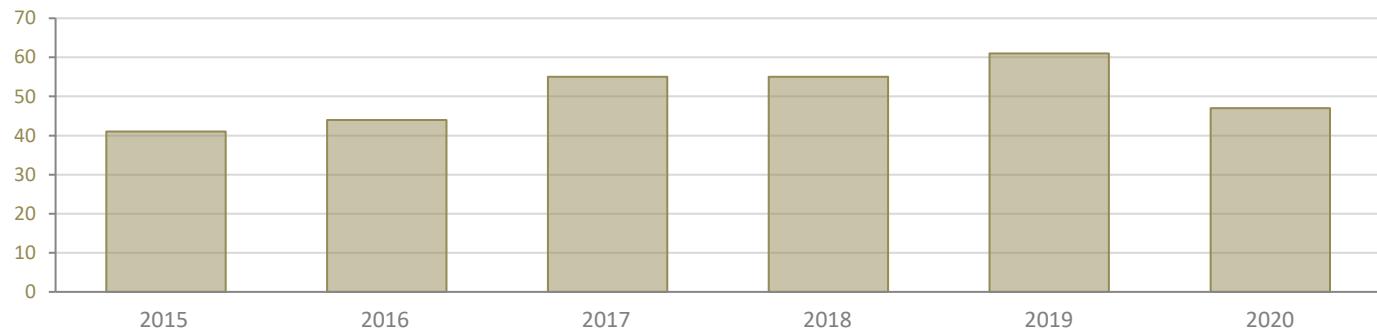
Median Time to Contract

The median number of days between the listing date and contract date for all Closed Sales during the year

Economists' note: Like Time to Sale, Time to Contract is a measure of the length of the home selling process calculated for sales which closed during the year. The difference is that Time to Contract measures the number of days between the initial listing of a property and the signing of the contract which eventually led to the closing of the sale. When the gap between Median Time to Contract and Median Time to Sale grows, it is usually a sign of longer closing times and/or declining numbers of cash sales.

Year	Median Time to Contract	Percent Change Year-over-Year
2020	47 Days	-23.0%
2019	61 Days	10.9%
2018	55 Days	0.0%
2017	55 Days	25.0%
2016	44 Days	7.3%
2015	41 Days	-22.6%

Median Time to Contract



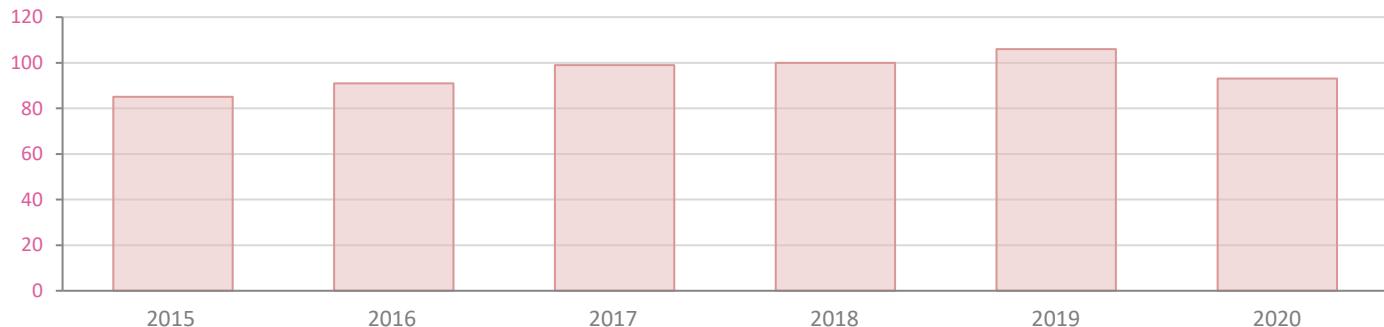
Median Time to Sale

The median number of days between the listing date and closing date for all Closed Sales during the year

Economists' note: Time to Sale is a measure of the length of the home selling process, calculated as the number of days between the initial listing of a property and the closing of the sale. *Median* Time to Sale is the amount of time the "middle" property selling this month was on the market. That is, 50% of homes selling this month took *less* time to sell, and 50% of homes took *more* time to sell. Median Time to Sale gives a more accurate picture than Average Time to Sale, which can be skewed upward by small numbers of properties taking an abnormally long time to sell.

Year	Median Time to Sale	Percent Change Year-over-Year
2020	93 Days	-12.3%
2019	106 Days	6.0%
2018	100 Days	1.0%
2017	99 Days	8.8%
2016	91 Days	7.1%
2015	85 Days	-11.5%

Median Time to Sale





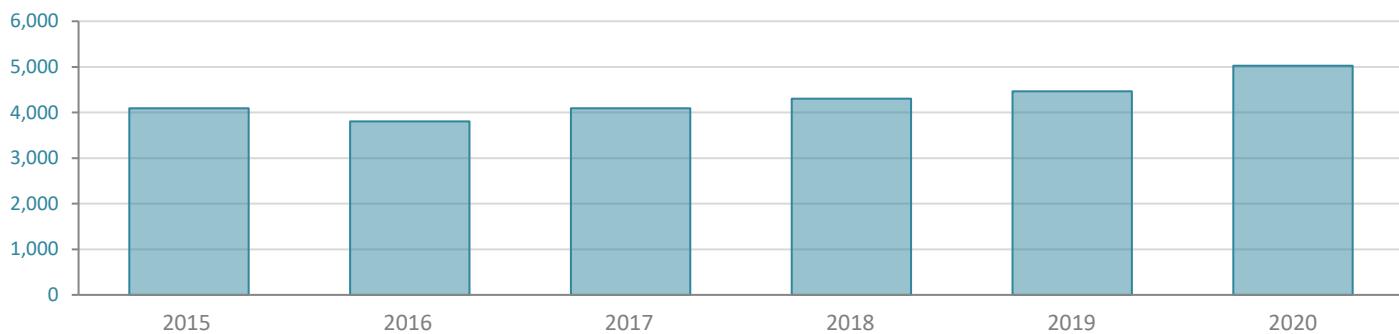
New Pending Sales

The number of listed properties that went under contract during the year

Economists' note: Because of the typical length of time it takes for a sale to close, economists consider Pending Sales to be a decent indicator of potential future Closed Sales. It is important to bear in mind, however, that not all Pending Sales will be closed successfully. So, the effectiveness of Pending Sales as a future indicator of Closed Sales is susceptible to changes in market conditions such as the availability of financing for homebuyers and the inventory of distressed properties for sale.

Year	New Pending Sales	Percent Change Year-over-Year
2020	5,024	12.5%
2019	4,467	3.8%
2018	4,304	5.1%
2017	4,095	7.6%
2016	3,807	-6.9%
2015	4,091	8.8%

Pending Sales



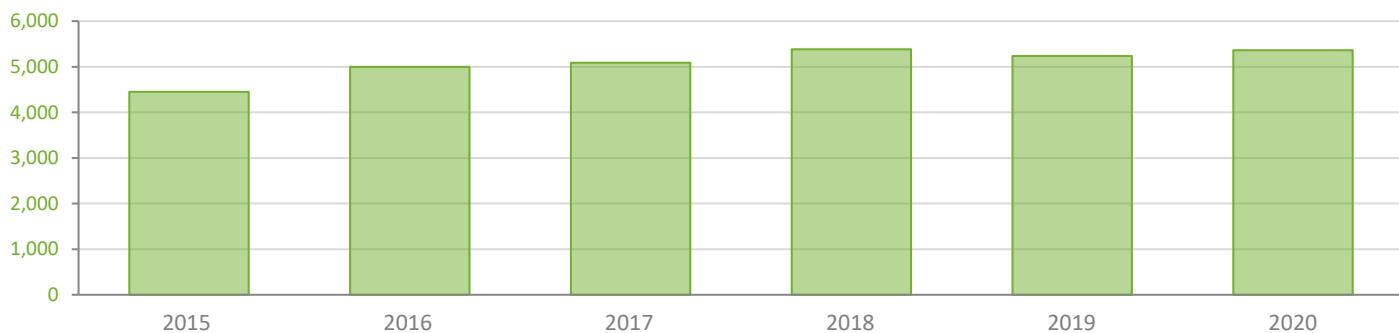
New Listings

The number of properties put onto the market during the year

Economists' note: New Listings tend to rise in delayed response to increasing prices, so they are often seen as a lagging indicator of market health. As prices rise, potential sellers raise their estimations of value—and in the most recent cycle, rising prices have freed up many potential sellers who were previously underwater on their mortgages. Note that in our calculations, we take care to not include properties that were recently taken off the market and quickly relisted, since these are not really *new* listings.

Year	New Listings	Percent Change Year-over-Year
2020	5,359	2.4%
2019	5,234	-2.8%
2018	5,384	5.9%
2017	5,086	1.8%
2016	4,995	12.2%
2015	4,453	6.4%

New Listings





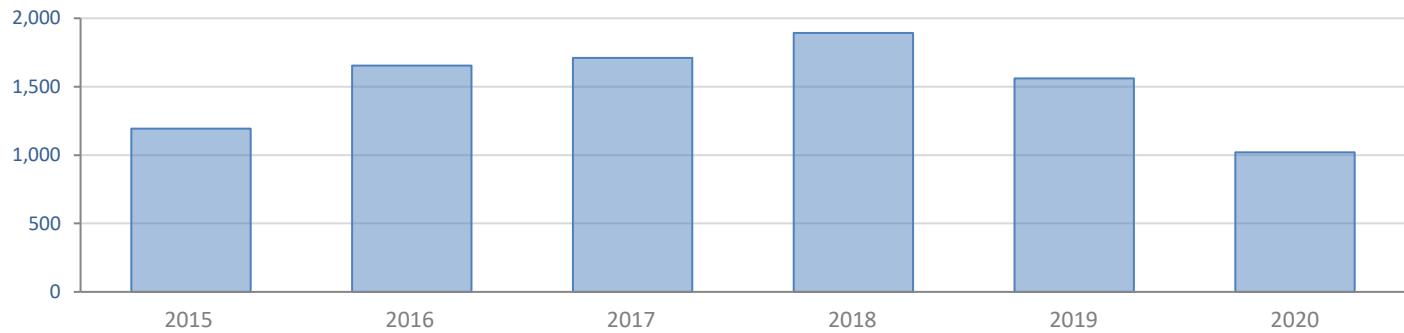
Inventory (Active Listings)

The number of property listings active at the end of the year

Economists' note: There are a number of ways to define and calculate Inventory. Our method is to simply count the number of active listings on the last day of the year, since it is the most current. Inventory rises when New Listings are outpacing the number of listings that go off-market (regardless of whether they actually sell). Likewise, it falls when New Listings aren't keeping up with the rate at which homes are going off-market.

Year	Inventory	Percent Change Year-over-Year
2020	1,019	-34.7%
2019	1,560	-17.6%
2018	1,893	10.8%
2017	1,709	3.3%
2016	1,654	38.5%
2015	1,194	-2.9%

Inventory



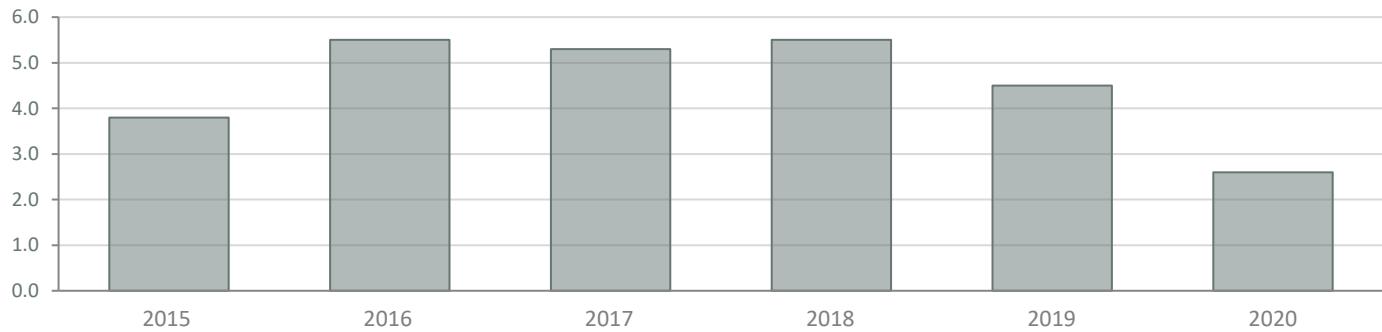
Months Supply of Inventory (Year-End)

An estimate of the number of months it will take to deplete the current Inventory given recent sales rates

Economists' note: MSI is a useful indicator of market conditions. The benchmark for a balanced market (favoring neither buyer nor seller) is 5.5 months of inventory. Anything higher is traditionally a buyers' market, and anything lower is a sellers' market. There is no single accepted way of calculating MSI. A common method is to divide current Inventory by the most recent month's Closed Sales count, but this count is a usually poor predictor of future Closed Sales due to seasonal cycles. To eliminate seasonal effects, we use the 12-month average of monthly Closed Sales instead.

Year	Months Supply	Percent Change Year-over-Year
2020	2.6	-42.2%
2019	4.5	-18.2%
2018	5.5	3.8%
2017	5.3	-3.6%
2016	5.5	44.7%
2015	3.8	-7.3%

Months Supply of Inventory



Closed Sales by Sale Price

The number of sales transactions which closed during the year

Economists' note: Closed Sales are one of the simplest—yet most important—indicators for the residential real estate market. When comparing Closed Sales across markets of different sizes, we recommend comparing the percent changes in sales rather than the number of sales.

Sale Price	Closed Sales	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Less than \$50,000	0	-100.0%
\$50,000 - \$99,999	119	-26.1%
\$100,000 - \$149,999	498	-9.0%
\$150,000 - \$199,999	789	-0.6%
\$200,000 - \$249,999	810	1.8%
\$250,000 - \$299,999	729	30.6%
\$300,000 - \$399,999	554	36.1%
\$400,000 - \$599,999	479	18.9%
\$600,000 - \$999,999	385	24.6%
\$1,000,000 or more	272	60.0%



Median Time to Contract by Sale Price

The median number of days between the listing date and contract date for all Closed Sales during the year

Economists' note: Like Time to Sale, Time to Contract is a measure of the length of the home selling process calculated for sales which closed during the year. The difference is that Time to Contract measures the number of days between the initial listing of a property and the signing of the contract which eventually led to the closing of the sale. When the gap between Median Time to Contract and Median Time to Sale grows, it is usually a sign of longer closing times and/or declining numbers of cash sales.

Sale Price	Median Time to Contract	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Less than \$50,000	(No Sales)	N/A
\$50,000 - \$99,999	41 Days	-31.7%
\$100,000 - \$149,999	35 Days	-41.7%
\$150,000 - \$199,999	42 Days	-12.5%
\$200,000 - \$249,999	44 Days	-27.9%
\$250,000 - \$299,999	46 Days	-11.5%
\$300,000 - \$399,999	52 Days	-29.7%
\$400,000 - \$599,999	74 Days	-28.8%
\$600,000 - \$999,999	55 Days	-14.1%
\$1,000,000 or more	57 Days	-28.8%



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New Listings by Initial Listing Price

The number of properties put onto the market during the year

Economists' note: New Listings tend to rise in delayed response to increasing prices, so they are often seen as a lagging indicator of market health. As prices rise, potential sellers raise their estimations of value—and in the most recent cycle, rising prices have freed up many potential sellers who were previously underwater on their mortgages. Note that in our calculations, we take care to not include properties that were recently taken off the market and quickly relisted, since these are not really *new* listings.

Initial Listing Price	New Listings	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Less than \$50,000	1	-50.0%
\$50,000 - \$99,999	98	-35.5%
\$100,000 - \$149,999	478	-7.5%
\$150,000 - \$199,999	793	-11.9%
\$200,000 - \$249,999	829	-7.0%
\$250,000 - \$299,999	865	20.1%
\$300,000 - \$399,999	713	19.6%
\$400,000 - \$599,999	638	2.6%
\$600,000 - \$999,999	551	13.8%
\$1,000,000 or more	393	12.3%

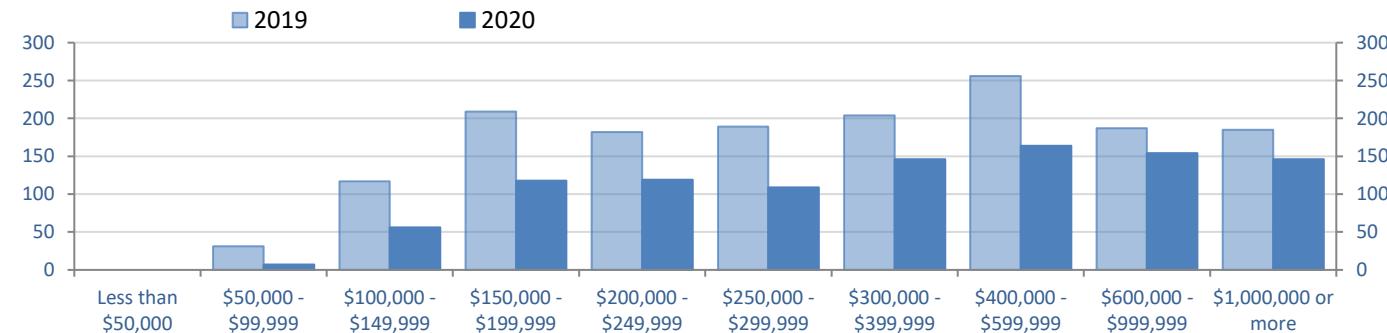


Inventory by Current Listing Price

The number of property listings active at the end of the year

Economists' note: There are a number of ways to define and calculate Inventory. Our method is to simply count the number of active listings on the last day of the year, since it is the most current. Inventory rises when New Listings are outpacing the number of listings that go off-market (regardless of whether they actually sell). Likewise, it falls when New Listings aren't keeping up with the rate at which homes are going off-market.

Current Listing Price	Inventory	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Less than \$50,000	0	N/A
\$50,000 - \$99,999	7	-77.4%
\$100,000 - \$149,999	56	-52.1%
\$150,000 - \$199,999	118	-43.5%
\$200,000 - \$249,999	119	-34.6%
\$250,000 - \$299,999	109	-42.3%
\$300,000 - \$399,999	146	-28.4%
\$400,000 - \$599,999	164	-35.9%
\$600,000 - \$999,999	154	-17.6%
\$1,000,000 or more	146	-21.1%



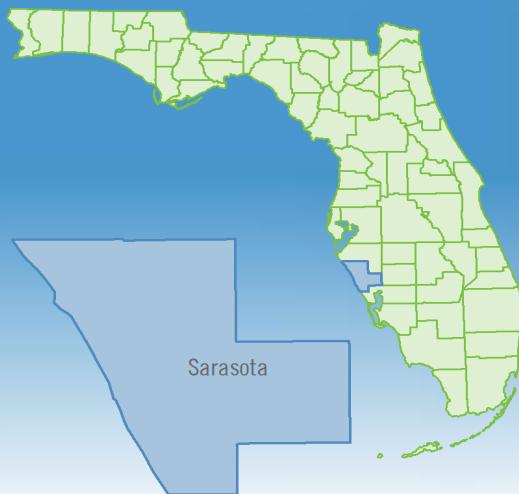
Yearly Distressed Market - 2020

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		2020	2019	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Traditional	Closed Sales	4,588	4,098	12.0%
	Median Sale Price	\$255,375	\$237,999	7.3%
Foreclosure/REO	Closed Sales	40	44	-9.1%
	Median Sale Price	\$177,000	\$137,875	28.4%
Short Sale	Closed Sales	7	4	75.0%
	Median Sale Price	\$220,000	\$294,500	-25.3%

